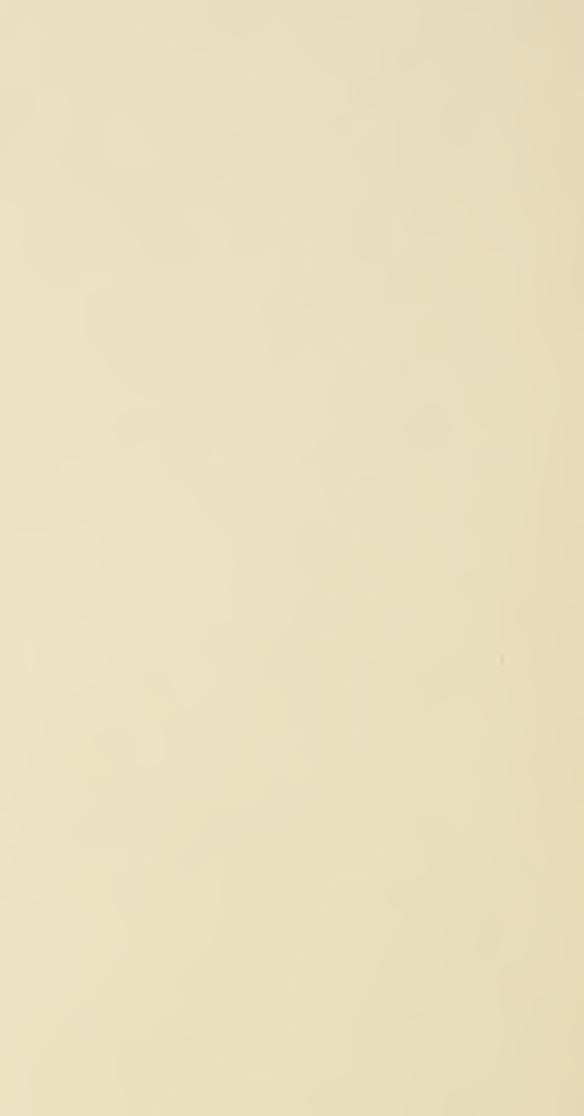
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WHOLESALE PRICE LIST



Overlook Nurseries

MAIL ADDRESS

CRICHTON, ALABAMA

SHIPPING POINTS: MOBILE AND ORCHARD, ALA.



Overlook Nurseries

S. IMURA

K. SAWADA

BOX 148, R. F. D. CRICHTON, ALA.

Nurseries on Moffat Road, 8 Miles Northwest of Mobile Court House

Shipping Points: Express Shipments, Mobile, Ala. Car-load Shipments, Orchard, Ala.

WHOLESALE PRICE LIST

for 1937-1938

TERMS OF SALE

TERMS OF PAYMENT—Prices listed here are based on cash payment. Cash with order for immediate shipment. Booking orders will be accepted when accompanied by remittance covering 25% of purchase amount; the balance to be payable at time shipments demanded. Shipment may be made C. O. D. for balance when one-fourth of the amount of purchase is paid with the order. Be sure to include an amount sufficient to cover the postage, if you want shipment made by parcel post.

PACKING CHARGES—Are extra at cost for Specimens (B. & B. Stock) free of charge for Lining Out Stock.

CAR-LOAD SHIPMENTS—Unusual attractive quotations will be offered on B. & B. stock for carload orders; special discount may be allowed also for B. & B. Stock delivered at our nursery grounds without boxing.

PRICES APPLIED—5 and 50 of the same variety and same size at 10 and 100 rates, respectively; rates on 1,000 on application. No order of lining out stock less than 5 in same variety and same size accepted. All quotations are for immediate acceptance, subject to prior sale.

GUARANTEE—We guarantee all stock sent out to be well grown, healthy, true to name and properly packed. Our liability under the foregoing guaranty is limited in amount to original price received. We shall not be subject to any liability should injury befall stock from freeze, fire or any other cause beyond our control.

TRANSPORTATION—State whether order is to be shipped by parcel post, express or freight. When no in-

structions are given, shipment will be made, using our best judgment. Our responsibility ceases upon delivery to forwarding companies; claims for losses or damages must be made upon the latter.

PURCHASE AMOUNT—We do not solicit orders for less than one dollar in amount.

CLAIMS—If, by any possibility, errors should occur, they will be promptly rectified, if claim is made immediately after the receipt of goods.

REMARKS—Prices listed here are for 10 and 100 rates for Lining Out Stock and each for Specimens. Attractive low prices for larger quantities on application.

Lining Out Stock is listed here in light face type.

(C) indicates "from cutting," (S) Seedling and (G) Grafting. (T) indicates once transplanted, (TT) twice transplanted, etc. All Lining Out Stock is understood to be in bare roots unless otherwise indicated.

SPECIMEN STOCK—Listed in bold face type. B. & B. means balled and burlapped. For carload orders or for specimen orders delivered at the field, without boxing, or to your truck, special prices most attractive will be offered.

We have several thousands of very large sized splendid specimens that are not listed here. We shall be glad to offer you unusual bargain prices upon your request.

NOTICE—The prices listed here may be increased to include any Federal or State taxes levied upon sales, and any increase in the cost of labor or materials through legislation by any Federal or State agencies.

CONIFERS

CEDRUS DEODARA

CRYPTOMERIA JAPONICA VAR YOSHINO

Much finer leaves and more compact growth than common Cryptomeria Japonica. It grows in symmetrical pyramidal shape and thrives far better than the ordinary.

6-8 inch	. C.	Т	1.25	10.00
8-12 incl	i C,	TT	1.50	12.00

CUNNINGHAMIA LANCEOLATA (Chinese Fir)

It closely resembles Araucaria but the foliage is narrower, brighter green and less rigid. It has very much more resisting power against cold than Araucaria; it stands zero weather! Stately and graceful effects are had in both individual and group plantings. This is the only variety in fir-like conifer; it thrives well in the South. Very vigorous grower.

Each	10	100
8-12 inch, C. T	1.00	8.00
12-18 inch, C. TT	1.25	10.00

CUNNINGHAMIA LANCEOLATA GLAUCA (Blue Chinese Fir)

Character and appearance are same as Lanceolata above, but the foliage is more dense and glaucous. This will, we have no doubt, take a most important position in the Southern landscape. Supply very limited.

Each	10	100

JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS ALBO-VARIEGATA (Variegated Dwarf Chinese Juniper)

		Each	10	100
2-4 inch,	C.	Т.	1.00	8.00
4-6 inch,	C.	T	1.25	10.00
6-8 inch	C	The state of the s	1.50	-12.00

JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS FEMINA (J. Japonica Sylvestris)

Loosely pyramidal with uniquely spreading branches. Foliage somewhat feathery. Very hardy; thrives well in South as well as in North.

4 0	inch	C	PTS	1 00	8.00
4-0	men,	U.	1.		
6 0	inch	C	T	 1 95	10.00
U = 0	much.	() a		 والتنال	10.00

JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS PFITZERIANA (Pfitzer Juniper)

One of the best low growing junipers. Very popular all over the country.

4-6	inch.	C.	T.	1.00	8.00
					10.00

JUNIPER CHINENSIS PROCUMBENS (Trailing Juniper)

Best known	of the	prostrate	creeping	juniper.	Dense
mat of blue-	green fo	liage. Ext	remely ha	rdy.	

4-6	inch.	C.	T.	 1.00	8.00
6-8	inch,	C.	T.	 1.25	10.00

JUNIPERUS COMMUNIS (English Juniper)

Being propagated by cuttings from best shaped trees of choicest specimens, ours are uniform, broad symmetrical pyramidal shape.

1	Each	10	100
4-6 inch, C. T 6-8 inch, C. T		$\frac{.75}{1.00}$	6.00 8.00
8-12 inch, C. T		1.25	0.00

JUNIPERUS COMMUNIS ASHFORDI

Similar to the last, but columnar in habit. Compact and narrow growth.

4-6 inch, C.	\mathbf{T}	 .75	6.00
			8.00
8-12 inch, C.	T.	 1.25	10.00

JUNIPERUS COMMUNIS COLUMNALIS STRICTA (Columnar English Juniper)

Our strain is strictly columnar, just like Royal Italian Cypress. Flant in height of 6-7 feet has only 8-10 inches of diameter in its width without having any shearing. Very compact growth with silvery green foliage. Very hardy and thrives well even in the section where Irish Juniper generally fails to grow. We recommend this variety most highly.

2 4	inch,	C.	T.	 .75	6.00
4-6	inch,	C.	T.	 1.00	8.00
6-8	inch,	C.	T.	 1.25	10.00

JUNIPERUS COMMUNIS DEPRESSA (Canadian Juniper)

4 0	2	α	717	F F	0.00
					6.00
6 - 8	inch.	C.	Т.	 1.00	8.00
0 0	TII CII,	\sim .		 1.00	0.00

JUNIPERUS COMMUNIS DEPRESSA PLUMOSA (Andorra Juniper)

A new plant with spreading habit. Dark green foliage in summer turning purplish bronze in winter. A most desirable winter coloring conifer.

4-6	inch,	C.	T.	.90	7.00
6-8	inch,	C.	T.		9.00

JUNIPERUS CONFERTA (Shore Juniper)

A low prostrate juniper with slender, spreading branches. Foliage willow-green in color. It thrives well on the seashore, particularly in sandy soil. However, it grows nicely also in interior.

4-6 inch	C. T			75	6.00
0 10 :1-	C T		 	1.05	0.00
8-12 inch	, C. T		 	1.25	10.00
12-18 inc	h C TT	. B&B	2E		
12 10 1110	11, 0, 11	., DOLD	 .20		

JUNIPERUS EXCELSA STRICTA

(Spiny Greek Juniper)

Well known dwarf variety in conical shape. Grows rather slow but is very hardy.

stemer slow such is very mercy.	Each	10	100
4-6 inch, C. T		$\begin{array}{c} .75 \\ 1.20 \end{array}$	6.00 S.00
12-15 inch, field grown, B&B 15-18 inch, field grown, B&B	.50		

JUNIPER HORIZONTALIS DOUGLASI

(Waukegan Juniper)

Splendid ground cover, effective in rockeries with its long trailing steel blue foliage throughout the year.

4-6 inch,	C.	T.	 .90	7.00
6-8 inch,	C.	T.	 1.25	9.00
8-12 inch,	C.	T.	 1.50	12.00

JUNIPERUS VIRGINIA GLAUCA

(Silver Juniper)

3-4	feet,	field,	B&B	 1.50
		field,		
5-6	feet.	field,	B&B	2.50

LIBOCEDRUS DECURRENS

(Incense Cedar)

A beautiful conifer with shiny dark green foliage. Propagated from best type trees among many hundreds.

4-8 inch, C. T., from 2½" pot _____ 1.50 12.00

PODOCARPUS SINENSIS

(Japan Yew)

Dark green leaves with upright stems. Thrives well in sunny spots as well as in shady places. Rather slow grower, but stands much colder weather than the following variety.

PODOCARPUS SIENSIS MACROPHYLLA

(Large Leaved Japan Yew)

Leaves much larger and considerably faster grower. Very valuable plants for Florida, all Gulf Coast regions as well.

PRICES ON ABOVE TWO VARIETIES OF PODOCARPUS

4-6 inch.	C.	Т.	.75	6.00
		Т.		8.00
8-12 inch.	C.	ТТ.	1.50	12.00

RETINOSPORA ERICOIDES (Columnar Cypress)

This plant somewhat resembles Squarosa Sieboldi, but is much more compact and columnar. It is a fast grower.

Each	10	100
4-6 inch, C. T	.75	6.00 8.00
8-12 inch, C. T.	1.25	10.00

RETINOSPORA FILIFERA (Thread Leaved Retinospora)

RETINOSPORA OBTUSA CRIPPSII AUREA

				 .75	6.00
6-8	inch.	C.	T.	 1.00	8.00
	inch,				10.00

RETINOSPORA OBTUSA NANA COMPACTUM

RETINOSPORA PISIFERA AUREA (Golden Swara Cypress)

Strong growing, rather open habit, pyramidal form, graceful golden foliage.

RETINOSPORA PLUMOSA (Green Plume Cypress)

Rapid grower, with foliage arranged in billowy plumes of a rich green. Its irregular outline is pleasing to the soft, artistic taste in landscape. Thrives very well in the Gulf States as well as on the Atlantic Coast.

RETINOSPORA PLUMOSA AUREA (Golden Plume Cypress)

Similar to the above, but its new growth is decidedly golden and very attractive. It grows somewhat slower than green Plumosa.

RETINOSPORA PLUMOSA ARGENTEA (Silver Tip Dwarf Plume Cypress)

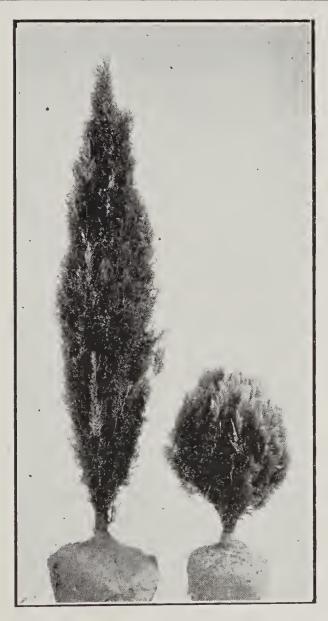
Silver tipped Retinospora of extremely compact and very dwarf growth. It is perfectly globular in shape, and is most suitable for urn and formal garden planting.

RETINOSPORA SQUARROSA VEITCHII

Pyramidal but irregular outline together with fine soft foliage of silvery blue green arranged in billowy masses like clouds of smoke. Will give a highly artistic touch to your garden.

PRICE ON THE ABOVE FIVE RETINOSPORAS

Each	10	100
4-6 inch, C. T	1.00	8.00
8-12 inch, C. TT.	1.25	10.00



Left: Thuja Orientalis Columnalis Stricta; Right: Thuja Orientalis Aurea Globosa (Golden Ball Arborvitae).

THUJA ORIENTALIS AUREA CONSPICUA (Golden Spire Arborvitae)

The best golden pyramidal type yet produced. Tall and erect with intense foliage. Very hardy.
2-4 inch, C. T. (spring delivery) ______.75 6.00

THUJA ORIENTALIS AUREA NANA (Berckman's Golden Arbor Vitae)

We propagate only by cutting or grafting with scions from true Berckman's Golden; absolutely true to type.

Each	10	100
2-4 inch, C. T. (spring delivery only)	.75	6.00
4-6 inch, C. T	1.00	8.00
6-8 inch, C. T	1.25	10.00
8-12 inch, C. TT.	1.75	15.00

THUJA ORIENTALIS AUREA GLOBOSA (Golden Ball Arbor Vitae)

Strictly dwarf with perfect globe shape and bright golden foliage at all seasons. We originated this valuable variety years ago from a seedling of Conspicua. Very slow grower, but we assure you that it is the best Arborvitae for urn or pot culture.

2-4 inch, C. T. (spring 4-6 inch, C. T 6-8 inch, C. T		$\begin{array}{c} .75 \\ 1.00 \\ 1.25 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 100 \\ 6.00 \\ 8.00 \\ 10.00 \\ 15.00 \end{array} $
8-12 inch, C. TT 8-12 inch, field, good shape, B&B 12-15 inch, field, good shape, B&B	35	1.10	15.00

THUJA ORIENTALIS BONITA

Compact, dwarf cone-shaped, with foliage of rich green color which remains unchanged throughout the year.

2-4 inch, C. T. (spring delivery) 4-6 inch, C. T	6.00
15-18 inch, field, B&B 50 18-24 inch, field, B&B75	

THUJA ORIENTALIS COLUMNALIS STRICTA

Originated by us. Much narrower than Bakers and decidedly columnar growth with very compact branchlets. This is indeed an ideal plant, and for many years we have been looking for it to take the place of Italian Cypress, which does not thrive in some soils. Limited supply; book order early. (See picture.)

Ea	ch 10	100
2-4 inch, C. T. (spring delivery	y)75	6.00
18-24 inch, Field, B&B5 24-30 inch, field, B&B7	5	

THUJA ORIENTALIS BAKERII

Prettiest of all pyramidal arbor vitae. Pleasing bright green color, retained during both summer and winter.

	Each	10	100
2-4 inch, C. T. (spring delivery)		.65	5.00
6-8 inch, C. T.		1.10	9.00
18-24 inch, field, B&B	.50		
24-30 inch, field, B&B	.75		

THUJA ORIENTALIS RAMSEY'S HYBRID

Fast growing arbor vitae, with stout erect branchlets. Thread-like leaves in dark green color. Stands well against drouth and heat as well as cold. The larger it gets the more handsome it becomes.

12-18	inch,	C.	TT.	 1.25	10.00
18-24	inch,	C.	TTT.	 1.75	15.00

THUJA ORIENTALIS ROSEDALE

4-6 inch,	C.	T.	 .75	6.00
6-8 inch,	C.	T.	 1.00	8.00
8-12 inch,	C.	Т.	 1.25	10.00

BROAD LEAVED EVERGREENS

ABELIA GRANDIFLORA

We have this year extra nice stock of this useful plant and offer you the finest we ever had.

12-18 inch,	field grown,	Bare Root		1.25	10.00
18-24 inch,	field grown,	Bare Root		1.50	12.50
2-3 feet, fi	eld grown, B	&B	.30	2.50	20.00

AZALEAS

For the past several years the City of Mobile has been known to the World as the "Azalea City." Besides the Azaleas planted many years ago, annual plantings in public places and at private homes total many thousand bushes. We dare say that there is no floral display equal to that of Mobile in the spring when the Azaleas are in full bloom. No wonder so many visitors pour into this Gulf City from every direction during the blooming season, March to May, simply to see these beautiful flowers. Azaleas, contrary to general belief, or rather guess, are by no means hard to grow, provided a certain requirement is fulfilled. We are strong in the belief that the Azalea Indica can be raised without any trouble in all Gulf Coast regions and the Atlantic Coast as far north as North Carolina; and hardy Japanese Azaleas will grow as far north as the state of New Jersey. We earnestly recommend this flowering bush to fellow nurserymen as well as florists in these territories. Try them out as we did several years ago.

The following are a few cultural suggestions:

- 1. Azaleas thrive in acid soil. Use plenty of leaf mold (oak leaves most desirable), pond muck or peat moss.
- 2. Lime or alkaline soil is poisonous. In case the Azaleas are to be planted in such a soil, remove original soil and use plenty of leaf mold or peat moss mixed with the other soil, containing no alkali; or if alkaline, apply Aluminum Sulphate at the rate of one 4-inch pot full to a wheelbarrow of soil.
- 3. As the azalea root system is very shallow, it dries fast. Apply sufficient water to keep roots moist always.
- 4. Azalea delights in a moist soil but it will not tolerate a water saturated soil condition; so Azalea beds should be made where all surplus water will run off quickly.
- 5. Azaleas thrive best in partial shade (when the bush grows larger, it will stand the full sunlight) but many good blossoms cannot be expected if the bushes are planted under complete shade.
- 6. The Azalea is not a gross feeder. If plenty of leaf mold or like organic matter is applied, it does not require any commercial fertilizer. On the contrary, very often heavy application of fertilizer injures the root system. However, if necessary, light application of well rotted cow manure, sheep manure or commercial fertilizers such as Vigoro is beneficial.
- 7. Red spider and Thirp sometimes trouble the plants. Frequent spraying of the plants with plan water will usually keep this trouble away. If this does not work, spray or dust the plant with sulphur mixture.

New Azaleas

Several years ago, with special permission of the U. S. Government, we imported from Japan many rare varieties of Azaleas. Ever since, we have continued our tireless efforts to develop these varieties. Our devotion of time and utmost care has rewarded us with the pleasure we now have in introducing some of these rare plants to our customers this season. The supply is very limited. Book your order without delay.

MURASAKI-BOTAN (Purple Peony)

Belongs to the Ledifolia family. Flowers are made up of 15 to 20 long but narrow petals of light purple color, 2 to 3 inches in diameter. In appearance they very much resemble asters, despite the fact that they are Azalea blossoms. It blooms in March. Leaves are narrow and yellowish dull green with hairy segments. Fast grower and very hardy.

SAKURAGATA

One of Macrantha hybrid (Satsuki). Flower is single, 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter. Dark crimson, with large patch of white in throat, very beautiful. Leaves medium to small; shiny dark green, This macrantha and its hybrid could stand very much cold weather. Starting in April, its blooming season is closed in June, retained the after-glory of Indica and Kurume Azaleas all over. Ideal pot plant for late Easter and Mother's Day.

IZAYOI

Macrantha hybrid, Flower single, 3 inches in diameter with very pleasant pink flesh color.

SEI-QUA

Macrantha hybrid, Flower single, 2 to 2½ inches in diameter. Color white ground margined beautifully with salmon pink. Very compact grower.

WAKAMATSU

Macrantha hybrid. Flower, hose-in-hose, 2½ to 3 inches in diameter. Very delicate purple in color.

BENI-KIRIN

Macrantha hybrid. Flower very double, consisting of 15 to 20 petals. 1½ to 2 inches in diameter. Brilliant blood-red with darker veins.

CHIKUBUSHIMA

Macrantha hybrid. Flower hose-in-hose, 2 to 2½ inch. Flesh pink ground, variegated with darker color.

SEI-KAI

Macrantha hybrid. Flower hose-in-hose, 2 inches in diameter, Pure white in color. Leaves small, roundish, dark, glossy green. This variety is most compact dwarf grower.

PRICES ON ABOVE NEW AZALEAS

	Each	10	100
4-6 inch, C. T., from bed		1.50	12.00
6-8 inch, C. T., from bed		$_{-1}$ 1.75	15.00
(The above for spri	ng delivery	vonly)	
6-8 inch, bushy, B&B			
8-10 inch, bushy, B&B	75		
10-12 inch, bushy, B&B	1.00		



AZALEA

Left to right: Azalea Hinodegiri,, 6-8 inch; Azalea Indica, 8-10 inch; Azalea flame, 8-10 inch.

AZALEA INDICA

The supply is limited on items marked with an asterisk

PINK AND ROSE RED FLOWERS

BRILLIANT—Bright water-melon red, flower medium inid-season, small leaves, compact growth.

CROEMINA—Shell pink, large flower, earliest bloomer and very rapid grower, but not compact.

GEORGE FRANC—Flame pink with deep carmine spot near the throat, large flower, early.

HARRY VEITCHII—Beautiful pink, large flower with waved petals. Mid to late season. Rather slow grower.

*MAXWELL—Carmine red, mid-season, very hardy.

PERFECTION—Rose pink, large flower, mid-season.

*PRAESTANTISSIMA—Carmine red, blooms a week earlier than Pride of Dorking.

PRIDE OF MOBILE—Lovely watermelon pink. Fower very large, mid-season. Large leaves, very vigorous grower. One of the best Indica Azaleas.

PRIDE OF DORKING—Beautiful cerise or carmine, late compact grower.

ORANGE RED

- *COCCINEA MAJOR—Brilliant scarlet, early season small leaves.
- *GLORY OF SUNNINGHILL—Large orange scarlet flower, late, compact grower.

- MOSS POINT RED—Orange-red with purple spot at the throat. Mid to late season.
- PRESIDENT CLAY—Orange-red with purple spot at the throat. Blooms early.
- PRINCE OF ORANGE—Flower large, dark orange red. One of the richest colors of all azaleas blooming as late. Leaves medium, dark shiny green. Rather low headed with compact growth.

SALMON

- **DAPHNE SALMON—**Medium flower with light salmon, early.
- DUC DE ROHAN—Medium size flower of lovely salmon pink, blooms early, leaves small, shiny green, compact.
- DUKE OF WELLINGTON—Soft salmon, with darker center, mid-season.
- MOSS POINT LATE SALMON—Pretty salmon color, very large flower with widely waved petals. Very late, hardy, vigorous grower.
- WILLIAM BULL—Double flower of mud red color, late, exceedingly vigorous and upright grower.

LAVENDER-LILAC

FORMOSA—Large lavender flower, mid-season, large leaves; most vigorous grower.

GULF PRIDE

A sport of Indica Alba (Ledifolia Alba). Flower medium to large, straight petals of most charming light purple color, could never be seen in other varieties, with four or five large flowers clustered like Rhododendron. It blooms at mid-season. Leaves broad and thick, dull green covered with hairy secretion. Rather upright and open growth unless well pinched. Very hardy and stands against cold better than any other Indica variety.

- *ORCHID LAVENDER—Medium flower of light orchid lavender pink, very early, upright growth.
- PHOENICIA—Lavender, pink, mid-season, low and compact.

ROSY PURPUREA—Wine-red color. Late blooming.

VIOLA

A sport of Indica Rosea (Ledifolia Rosea). Character of parent tree faithfully inherited, but the color of the flowers is an admirable mauve. Very hardy and vigorous grower.

WHITE

- *FIELDERS WHITE—Early, large pure white flower. Strong upright grower.
- FLAG OF TRUCE—Mid-season, full double with waved petals.
- *INDICA ALBA—(Ledifolia Alba) Snow white large flower, early to middle season, very hardy.
- LATERETIA ALBA—Medium size, pure white flower, late, small leaves, very compact groth.

VARIEGATED

- CRITERION—White ground well marked with wide pink stripes, late, compact.
- INDICA ROSEA—(Ledifolia Rosea) Extra large flower of white with rose throat, Mid-season, upright.

- IVERYANA—White ground marked with narrow, faint pink stripes, late compact.
- LADY EDITH—Variegated just like Criterion, but the flower is slightly smaller and the pink color is softer. Mid-season, compact.
- *VITATA FORTUNEI—White ground well striped with lavender pink. Very early, upright, open grower.

PRICE ON INDICA AZALEAS

Each 10 J	100
The state of the s	3.00
6-8 inch, C. T. (spring delivery) 1.00	3.00
6-8 inch, C. TT., 2-year with buds .25 2.00 13	5.90°
8-10 inch, C. TT., 2-year with buds .35 3.00 28	5.00°
	5.00
	5.00
18-24 inch, C.TTT.,	
3-4 years old with buds 1.00 9.00 78	5.00

(This last grade supplied only in limited varieties)

AZALEA INDICA, BELGIAN VARIETY

- ALBERT ELIZABETH—Large double flower, ivory-white with frilled deep pink edge. Leaves medium to large, waxy dark green. Mid-season.
- BLUSHING BRIDE—Very beautiful large double flower, light pink in color. Leaves large and glossy. Middle to late season.
- COUNT DE KERCKHOV—Large, fringed double flower and variegated rose-pink in color, with white edge. Leaves large and glossy. Middle to late season.
- ECLAIREUR—Deep crimson darker than Triumphe. Full double; leaves, medium dark green. Middle season.
- MME. PETRICK—Large semi-double flower with bright rose pink. Leaves, small and narrow, deep glossy green. It blooms earliest of all.
- MME. PETRICK SUPERBA—Semi-double large flower light lavender in color with white edge. Leaves shiny green, narrow and small. Very early bloomer.
- NIOBE—Large double flower greenish white in color. Leaves large, roundish and thick. Blooms late in season. This is one of the popular varieties for the Easter trade.
- TRIUMPHE—One of the best varieties. Large double flower of dark crimson color. Leaves large and dark glossy green. Very vigorous grower. Mid-season.
- VERVAENEANA—Large double flower with salmon rose with lighter border. Leaves large and glossy green. Blooms early and vigorous grower. Most Popular variety.
- VERVAENEANA ALBA Best white variety Flower large and full double pure white in color. Leaves large and shiny green. Blooms middle season.

We can supply only the following sizes.

PRICES ON BELGIAN AZALEA

		Each	10	100
4-6 inch, C. 6-8 inch, C.	T., 21/4" pot TT., B&B		1.50 3.00	12.50 2 5.00

HARDY JAPANESE AND KURUME AZALEA

GROUP "A"

- **BENIGIRI**—Bright deep pink, single, mid-season, upright growth.
- FLAME—Single large flower of brick dust red, blooms very early, upright vigorous grower.
- HINAMOYO—Also upright grower, leaves small and branches slender. The flower, medium size, is soft pink. Mid-season.

PRICES ON ABOVE VARIETIES

Each	10	100
4-6 inch, C. T. (spring delivery)	.75	6.00
6-8 inch, C. TT., 2-year with buds .25	2.00	15.00
8-10 inch, C. TT., 2-year with buds .35	3.00	25.00
10-12 inch, C. TT., 2-year with buds .45	4.00	35.00
12-18 inch, C. TTT., 3-year with buds .65	6.00	55.00
18-24 inch, C. TTT.,		
4-year with buds 1.00	9.00	75.00

GROUP "B"

- AMOENA—Very popular variety. Flower rose purple.
- APPLE BLOSSOM—White shaded pink with light center. Leaves are a very glossy green.
- BRIDE MAID—Bright salmon red flower in large trusses. Mid-season, low, compact.
- CHRISTMAS CHEER—Pleasant Christmas red, flower rather small, hose-in-hose. Heavy bloomer, early compact.
- coral bell—A pleasing coral pink color shading deeper toward center. The flower is very dainty and is produced profusely. Hose-in-hose type. Low, compact growing.
- *DAY BREAK—Light pink flower in dense clusters, midseason.
- HEXE—(Firefly)—A Kurume hybrid of low dense compact habit. Flower large in size for this group. Pleasing crimson red. Semi-double, mid-season.
- HINODEGIRI—Most popular Japanese variety. Medium size single flowers of bright scarlet color. Leaves roundish, glossy green, very dwarf compact grower.
- KIMUNAZOI—One of the Macrantha family. Single orange red flower with extremely narrow petals. It blooms very late (in June). Leaves very narrow, Low. Compact, dense grower.
- MACRANTHA—Single flowering. Large flower of clear pink, very late, low headed, compact.
- MACRANTHA—Double—Double flower of large size with clear pink. Very late, also a few blossoms open through the summer. Compact, but rather upright.
- MACROSTEMON—Another of the Macrantha family. Large salmon pink flower in May.

- *MAUVE BEAUTY—Beautiful shade of mauve, medium size flower, very dainty.
- ORANGE BEAUTY—Good size flower of orange red color. Mid-season, compact.
- PEACH BLOW—Single, pale shade of peach blossom pink. Mid-season, very fine.
- PINK PEARL—Most noble cherry rose color shading lighter to center. Hose-in-hose type. Mid-season, compact, but upright.
- *SALMON QUEEN—A fine shade of salmon pink. Mid-season, hose-in-hose.
- **SNOW**—Pure white flower, blooms profusely in clusters. Hose-in-hose. Mid-season, low, compact, one of best white variety.
- *SWEET BRIER—One of Dreer's introductions. It is said that this is one of the hardiest in its group. Flower elegant rose pink.
- YAEGIRI—Salmon red, hose-in-hose, mid-to-late-season compact.

PRICES ON ABOVE VARIETIES

	Each	10	100
4-6 inch, C. T. (spring delivery) 6-8 inch, with buds, B&B 8-10 inch, with buds, B&B 10-12 inch, with buds, B&B 12-18 inch, with buds, B&B	.40 .55 .75	1.10 3.50 5.00 7.00 10.00	9.00 30.00 45.00 65.00 90.00

NEW HARDY KAEMPFERI HYBRID AZALEA

BETTY—Brilliant crimson pink, of large size.

FEDORA—Deep salmon rose.

GRAETCHEN—Clear mauve.

KATHLEEN-Large deep rose pink.

MARY—Pretty deep pink. Distinct from other.

OTHELLO—Orange red, vigorous grower.

PURPLE KING—Purplish rose, pretty.

PRICE ON KAEMPFERI HYBRID AZALEA

4-6 inch, C. T. (spring delivery)	1.00	8.00
	7.50	
18-24 inch, C. TTT., 4 years old, with buds 1.25	10.00	

BERBERIES

B. ATRACARPA—It is evergreen, resembles B. Sargentii somewhat, though it cannot stand severe cold. Very fast grower and well adapted to the South.

12-15	inch,	С.	TT.	 1.25	10.00

- B. JULIANA—Evergreen variety with large dary shiny green leaves. Said to be the hardiest of the group.
- B. SARGENTIANA—Resembles B. Juliana, but the leaves are slightly narrower. Very hardy.

PRICE ON ABOVE TWO VARIETIES

	Each	10	100
4-6 inch, C., 2½" pot		90-	7.00
6-8 inch, C., 3" pot		_ 1.25	10.00
TINMERON ATROPHER	A (D - 1)		T
B. THUMBERGI ATROPURPURE. ese Berberry)	A (Rea)	leaved	Japan-
8-12 inch, C. TT.		75	6.00
12-18 inch. C. TTT.			

BOTTLE BRUSH (Callistemen)

A beautiful low headed evergreen shrub. Bright red flowers, in cylindrical bush-like spikes opening at spring, and sometimes in fall again.
4-6 inch, C., from 21/4" pot ______ 1.00 8.00

BUXUS (Boxwood)

В

- B. JAPONICA—(Japan Boxwood) Round light green foliage; much faster grower than English boxwood. Suitable for warm climate.
- B. SEMPERVIRENS (English Boxwood)

PRICE ON ABOVE TWO KINDS

4-6 inch, C. T.		-4.00
6-8 inch, C. T	.75	6.00
12-15 inch, field grown, B&B25		
15-18 inch, field grown, B&B40		

- B. SEMPERVIRENS VARIEGATA (Variegated Boxwood)
- B. HARLANDII—From China, being introduced by the U. S. Government. This variety is almost as dwarfed as B. Suffruticosa, only difference being longer foliage and brighter green. A most beautiful boxwood, but thrives only in a warm country.
- B. SUFFRUTICOSA (Dwarf English Boxwood)

2-4 inch, C. T	50	*	4.90
4-6 inch, C. TT.	.75		-6.00
6-8 inch, field grown, B&B25			
8-10 inch, field grown, B&B40	•		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			

CAMELLIA JAPONICA

Commonly known as "Japonica" in the South: becoming recently a most popular plant not only in the Gulf Coast Region alone, but all over the country. Its glossy green foliage all the year around together with most attractive beautiful flower at winter when no other flowers are found in the garden has been increasing the admirers of this plant. Millions of them are set out every year in open, grounds or in conservatories and green house as pot plants. It will regain, without any doubt, a popularity stronger than it had half a century ago, even as a cut flower.

Brief Cultural Hints

SOIL PREFERRED—Camellia grows in almost any soil, but well drained, good garden soil, a little acid in reaction is more suitable.

- LOCATION DESIRABLE—Half shady location is preferable, especially when the plants are young; free blooming cannot be expected i na place entirely shady.
- ROOT SYSTEM, TRANSPLANTING—Root system of the Camellia is rather coarse and not quite so easily transplanted as the Azalea. For this reason, we recommend strongly potted plants especially for lining out, as set back would be reduced to a minimum. Moreover, a pot plant can be removed almost any time of year, while the plant from open ground has to be moved in winter or some time when it is in the dormant stage.
- FERTILIZATION EFFECTIVE—The Camellia is a gross feeder; it responds well to fertilization. At the time of planting, if the soil is not fertile enough, use mixture of one-half of garden soil, one-fourth of well rotted cow manure and one-fourth of peat or leaf mold. Every winter or early spring apply well rotted cow manure; bone meal, or cotton seed meal, or similar commercial fertilizer may be added if necessary. Mulching with half rotten leaves or peat is also beneficial.
- PROPER WATERING—The Camellia loves a humid atmosphere. Do not neglect the watering. Frequent syringing on the leaves helps a great deal, especially at hot, dry summer months.
- PRUNING RIGHT—Proper pruning is also essential. Prune with care such as water shoots, dead or injured branches and branches growing too close together. General pruning should be done in the month of February, otherwise it may have an effect on the flower buds.
- SPRAYING ADVISABLE—Red spider and various scales may attack Camellias. We have been using "Volck, Jr." the ratio of 1 to 40 in the summer and 1 to 25 in winter, mixing one teaspoonful of Black Leaf 40 to every gallon of solution. Thorough spraying twice a year controls those pests satisfactorily. The strong sun has to be avoided immediately after the spray, as it may cause the leaves to burn.

We have a very much finer Camellia stock this season than heretofore, as it had extra vigorous growth during the summer. Our supply of some varieties, however, is limited, for numerous large orders have already been booked before the issuance of this catalogue. We suggest that you book your orders at the earliest possible date, otherwise we may not be able to meet your valued demand in the exact varieties and in the exact grades that you desire.

Plants offered here are all pot-grown, with the evception of large specimens. It is our strong belief that pot

grown Japonicas are far superior to the plants taken from the ground. Plants from the pot can also be safely removed at any time of year. Our Camellia stock this year is listed in four Groups, prices of each group being different. Rareness of varieties, sacarcity of the kind are of course the main reason of higher prices.

GROUP ONE "A"

- charming Camellia now in existence. The flower is not very large—3 to 3½ inches in diameter with 12 to 15 guard petals and 40 to 50 small petals intermixed with a number of yellow stamens very attractively formed. The color—white with dark crimson red, marking each other—gives a most charming appearance. It blooms from January to March. (See illustration of this flower in "Country Life," March, 1934.)
- LADY HUME'S BLUSH—This is a very rare Camellia and one of the varieties most difficult to propagate. Medium flower, very full double, with delicate flesh pink. Leaves medium to large, thick, light color, large vein, distinctive. We have this year only small sizes to offer.
- LEWIS' RED PEONY—Real name is not fully identified as yet. We temporarily call it, therefore, with the above name. Flower double or semi-double, peony type, 4 inches or larger. Color, from brilliant red turning deep crimson with velvety tone. Blooms January to March. Very profuse and free bloomer.
- NAGASAKI—Semi-double, very large flower, some measuring 5½ to 6 inches in diameter. Bright red irregularly marked with white. Leaves medium to large, roundish, thick and coarsely serrated, dark glossy green. Some have yellow variegation. Blooms January to February.

PRICE ON GROUP ONE "A"

	Each	10-	100-
3-5 inch, C. T., 2½" pot	1	75	5.00
5-8 inch, C. T., 2½" pot		1.00	7.50
(Supply of this group limited	to small qu	antity	.)

GROUP ONE "B"

ALBA PLENO—One of the best and most widely known white Japonicas, full double, large pure white, early bloomer. Leaves narrow and pointed, being somewhat crinkled.

- CHANDLERII ELEGANS Semi-double to double. Flowers very large, sometimes its measure reaches seven inches across. Pink variegated with white, somewhat of a peony form mixed with yellow stamens. Leaves medium to large, thick, pointed and somewhat curled. Dark glossy green. Rather slow grower, but blooms freely at an early age.
- COUNTESS OF ORKNEY—Very double, pink stripes on white ground. Leaves medium, pointed, shiny green. Very slow grower but it blooms very yong. Best variety for pot culture.
- PINK COUNTESS OF ORKNEY—Propagated from the branches, produced beautiful pink flower. Shape and character exactly same as Countess of Orkney, but the color is solid pink. Blooms from Christmas to March. Very heavy bloomer.
- EMPEROR—Large semi-double to double flower with a few yellow stamens. Color is most pleasant brilliant red. Leaves are roundish, thick texture and very dark shiny green. One of best red varieties.
- GOVERNOR MOUTON—One of the very popular varieties in Louisiana. Flower medium to large, with color of most pleasant oriental red marked with white spots. Somewhat of peony form, many small petals mixed with yellow stamens, middle season, free bloomer. Leaves light green and not so thick.
- HERME—Semi-double, very large flower, variegated pink and white, generally white margin in the petals. Leaves rather small and pointed.
- PINK PERFECTION—Medium sized flower, shell pink, very full double with immense small petals symmetrically arranged. Very early and free bloomer.
- PROF. SARGENT—Full double, peony form, very tight in center. No yellow stamen mixed, color dark red. Leaves roundish, large, thick glossy green.
- RUBRA VIRGINALIS—One of the outstanding varieties. The flower is 3½ to 4½ inches in diameter. Eight large guard petals and numerous incurved small petaloids form the flower. Peony shaped, it resembles Prof. Sargent, but is slightly looser. Late flowers in the season, occasionally semi-double with yellow stamens. Color is a very pleasing soft pink, but once in a while the guard petals have very narrow white stripes at the center. The leaves are very small. Early and a very free bloomer.
- No. 47—Some call this the Wm. S. Hastie, but we are not quite sure as yet. The flower is 4 to 4½ inches in diameter, being overlapped symmetrically with 90 to 100 petals. Color bright red to deep vermillion red. Blooms mid-season, free bloomer.

TEUTONIA—(by Longview)—Full double, 3½ to 4 inches in diameter, 75 to 80 petals, incurved tips overlapping each other symmetrically. This makes its appearance resemble some chrysanthemum flower. The original tree produced various colors, such as very fleshy pink, white faintly striped with pink, and bright red. Leaves small and rather narrow, with thick and coarse texture. Very slow, but compact grower. Blooms mid-season.

PRICE ON GROUP ONE "B"

Each 10	100
3-5 inch, C., from $2\frac{1}{2}$ " pot 1.75	15.00
5-8 inch, C., from 2½" pot 3.00	25.00
8-12 inch, C., from $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3''$ pot 4.00	35.00
12-18 inch, C., from 4" pot 6.00	50.00
12-18 inch, C., from 5-6" pot 1.25 10.00	
12-18 inch, field grown, B&B 1.25 10.00	
18-24 inch, field grown, B&B 2.00	

GROUP TWO

- ABBY WILDER—Pink, very double, peony form. Generally pink in color, but sometimes marked with white. (Abby Wilder is generally pink and white variegated. This strain must be propagated from pink branch.)
- ANNA FROST—Semi-double to double, peony type. 3½ to 4 inches in diameter. 15 to 17 guard petals, 20 to 40 medium sized petals divided into 3 or 4 compartments holding a few yellow stamens each. Color is a beautiful blood red. Blooms January to March. Very free bloomer. Leaves medium to large, roundish, extra thick, very dark shiny green.
- **ELATA**—(By Langdon) Semi-double very large flower 4 inches in diameter. Semi-peony type with yellow stamens. Color deep rose to carmine, bloom mid-season, very free bloomer.
- LADINER'S RED—As the name is not yet confirmed, this name is used here temporarily. Flower is very large and very double. Numerous narrow and small petals overlapped in numbers, very symmetrical. Color bright red to dark red. Leaves long and narrow, pointed not sharply, smooth and light green. One of the best red Camellias.
- LADY SAUMEREZ—Flower very large, semi-double. Pleasant cherry red with white marking. Early and very free blomeor. Leaves rather narrow and sharply pointed with shiny glossy green.
- LADY VANSITTI—Semi-double, large flower with most desirable share of red. Very free bloomer at middle season. Leaves very narrow pointed and curled, dark glossy green.
- OPELOUS PEONY—Peony form, large flower with light pink with red veins, which makes it very beautiful. Occasionally spotted with white. Leaves very small.
- OTOME—Very much like Pink Perfection, but the flower is slightly larger, and so are the petals. Leaves dark green in color but not quite so glossy as the other.

No. 60—Possibly this is "Marie Louise." Flower double 3 to 3½ inches in diameter, peony shape with 15 to 20 guard petals and over 100 small petaloids. Color is bright crimson red with white marking. Resembles Chandlerii Elegans somewhat, but is a smaller flower with fuller double. Very free bloomer from January to March.

PURITY—Pure white, double but rather open center, large flower. Leaves medium to large, coarse appearather dull green, free bloomer and hardy.

PRICE ON GROUP TWO

	Each	10	100
3-5 inch, C., from 2½" Pot			12.00
5-8 inch, C., from 2½" pot		2.50	20.00
8-12 inch, C., from 3" pot		-3.00	-25.00
12-18 inch, C., from 4" pot		4.50	-40.00
12-18 inch, C., from 5-6" pot			
12-18 inch, field grown, B&B	.90		
18-24 inch, field grown, B&B	1.75		
(Price on larger gize on	appliestic	12.)	

(Price on larger size on application)



CAMELLIA JAPONICA

Left to right: 4 inch pot 12-18 inch; 3 inch pot, 8-12 inch; $2\frac{1}{2}$ inch pot, 6-8 inch; $2\frac{1}{4}$ inch pot, 3-5 inch.

GROUP THREE

BROOKLYANA—Very double, medium flower, deep pink mottled with white, blooms early season. Leaves large and thick, light green, smooth, very vigorous grower.

- CANDIDISSIMA—Medium flower, pure white, over-lapped each other symmetrically forming star shape. Leaves very small. Late bloomer.
- CHEERFULNESS—Flower medium sizes of deep pink. Full double when the flower is fully opened. Sometimes little yellow stamens can be seen. Very early season and free bloomer. Leaves small roundish thick, dark waxy, shiny green.
- DARSII—Medium flower, semi-double to double with yellow stamens. When fully opened, it is a most admirable bright red. Early and free bloomer. Leaves medium and roundish, dark glossy geen.
- **DIXIE**—Very hardy variety. Flower medium to small, but very double. Rose pink in color, Blooms earlier than Sarah Frost.
- No. 27—Mrs. Hofein's Variegata. (We temporarily call it so.) Flower semi-double, 4 inches in diameter, somewhat peony shaped, with yellow stamens. Color white ground marked with pink stripes. Sometimes solid soft pink flowers on same branches. Blooms January to March; very free bloomer.
- MARGUERITE GOUILLON—(Duke de Orleans)—Peony form, large flower with creamy white ground flaked and dotted with rosy pink. Leaves roundish, broad, light green.
- MATHOTIANA ALBA—Flower very large in shape, like a cup on a saucer. Pure white, but seldom striped with slight pink. Leaves very large, thick, broad and shiny. Late bloomer.
- NOBLISSIMA—Creamy white, petals interspersed with yellow stamens, very early and free bloomer.
- JARVIS RED—Semi-double to double. Large flower of dark vermillion, petals large and crinkled, yellow stamens mixed. Leaves rather narrow and pointed and somewhat crinkled. Very free bloomer and vigorous grower.
- ROSE EMRY—Peony form of medium size, dark crimson in color, blooming very freely in early season. Leaves medium to large, dark green but not so shiny.
- SARAH FROST—Widely planted in Gulf Coast. Flower very double, crimson, very free bloomer at middle season. Very thrifty and easiest grower.
- TRICOLOR—Flower single to semi-double, large. White ground striped with pink and red. Very hardy, blooms very freely.

PRICE ON GROUP THREE

,	Each	10	100
3-5 inch, from 2½" pot		1.25	$10.00 \\ 15.00$
5-8 inch, from 2½" pot 8-12 inch, from 3" pot		2.50	20.00
12-18 inch, from 4" pot		4.00	35.00
12-18 inch, from 5-6" pot 12-18 inch, from field, B&B			
18-24 inch, from field, B&B 2-3 feet, from field, B&B			
(Duises on larger sizes gives		otion	

(Prices on larger sizes given on application)

GROUP FOUR

UNNAMED VARIETIES—We sell this group by color instead of name. Some of them are really beautiful varieties, and without doubt this is a great bargain to our customers. (No white.)

PRICE ON GROUP FOUR

12-18 inch, heavy, from 5-6" pot	.60	5.00
18-24 inch, heavy, from 5-6" pot	1.00	9.00

CAMELLIA SASSANQUA

Despite the recent introduction to this country, Camellia Sasanqua has already become widely known and is gaining popularity among flower-lover with wonderful speed. It blooms ahead of Japonica by months—generally from September to December. Size of blossom is about the same as Camellia Japonica, in different colors. Leaves are much smaller and the branches are slender, which appearansce gives a softer tone to landscaping. It has also a great future as a pot plant.

BRILLIANCY—Color is same as Cleopatra—Bright cherry red—but the flower is large and single. The leaves are narrow and thick, dark shiny green. This is one of the most beautiful Sasanquas.

4-6 inch, C. T.,	.25	2.00	17.50
8-12 inch, C. TT., heavily branched	.40	3.00	25.00
12-18 inch, C. TTT., heavily branched, B&B	.75	5.00	40.00
18-24 inch, C. TTT., verv heavily branched, B&B		7.50	
2-3 feet, field grown, B&B		17.50	
3-4 feet, field grown, B&B	3.00	25.00	

DAWN (Akebono)—This is one of our introductions. Flower semi-double with yellow stamens. Ivory white with flesh pink at the margin of the petals as if struck by the first ray of sunlight in the early morning. Leaves are very thick and narrow, dark green, occasionally variegated. Very compact and of a symmetrical pyramidal shape. Slow grower.

4-6 inch,	C.	Т	2.00	15.00
6-8 inch,	C.	T	2.50	20.00
8-12 inch.	C.	TT	3.00	25.00

CRIMSON BRIDE—We secured this beautiful variety out of many thousands of seedlings. Flower single, a good size, crimson color with yellow stamons. Leaves medium; compact grower.

			Each	10	100
4-6 inch,	C.	T.		2.00	15.00
6-8 inch.	C.	TT		2.50	20.00

SNOW ON THE MOUNTAIN (Mineno-yuki)—Flower large, full double, peony form. Pure white in color. Leaves are small and roundish. Branch spreads out in habit. Blooms very freely at an early age.

4-6 inch,	C.	T.	 1.00	8,00
6-8 inch,	C.	T.	 1.20	10.00
8-12 inch,	C.	Т.	 1.50	12.00

12-18 inch, lath house grown, B&B .25

18-24 inch, lath house grown, B&B .50

MAIDEN'S BLUSH—Flower single, delicate soft pink, very attractive. Leaves medium to large, compact grower.

WHITE BUTTERFLY—Flower single, white with delicate flesh pink margin. Leaves largest among this group. Very vigorous grower.

PRICE ON ABOVE TWO VARIETIES

4-6 inch, C. T.	.80	6.00
6-8 inch, C. T.	1.00	8.00
8-12 inch, C. TT.	1.25	10,00

12-18 inch, lath house grown, B&B .20

18-24 inch, lath house grown, B&B .40

CAMELLIA THEA (Tea Plant)

Sweet-scented flower in late fall. A fine evergreen shrub. We have this year extra nice seedlings.

8-12 inch,	S.	 .50	4.00
12-18 inch.	S.	.75	6.00

CLEYERA JAPONICA

CLINOPODIUM COCCINEAM (Red Sage)

This is one of the most prospective native plants of south Alabama. It grows in the poorest sandy or rocky soil. A slender, sparingly branched shrub of two or three feet in height with small evergreen leaves and horizontal tubular, bright red flower blooming all the summer and the fall until just before Christmas, especially at autumn, even young plants of a few inches are covered with a mass of red flowers. In addition to its attractive appearance, it has a pleasant odor which might possibly be utilized in perfumery. No cold spell ever injured this plant down here; it may stand near zero weather, probably lower. No doubt this is one of the most suitable plants for Southern rock gardens; also it will be very valuable as a pot plant. We offer this year potted plants, as we have found that collected plants are hard to transplant.

			Each	10	100
From	21/4"	pot		1.00	8.00

CONRADINA CANESCENS (Blue Sage)

A low, dense, compact shrub, with small narrow, beautiful silver colored evergreen leaves. The flower resembles Rosemary very much—pale bluish blossoms from early summer to late fall. It thrives on dry poor soil. It is indeed a suitbale plant for the rock garden, also border planting as well as pot planting. We offer cutting grown and potted plants.

		Each	10	100
From	2½"pot		1.00	8.00

COTONEASTER HARROVIANA

One of the good Cotoneasters, particularly at the Pacific Coast. Very highly praised. It resembles Francheti very much but bears more berries, which are red.

COTONEASTER PANOSA

One of the Cotoneasters that thrives well in the Southern climate. Silvery leaves together with abundant red berries; most attractive.

PRICES ON ABOVE TWO VARIETIES

Each	10	100
6-8 inch C. T., 21/4" pot	.90	7.00
8-12 inch, C. T., 3" pot	1.25	9.00

DURANTA PLUMIERI (Golden Dewdrop)

Dark green foliage and racemes of light blue flowers, being followed by golden yellow berries makes this one of the most attractive shrubs in Southern gardens. It is rather tender, but it thrives well in Gulf Coast country. Northern gardeners who afe looking for a real novelty may try this Golden Dewdrop, planting out during summer and taking into greenhouse or cellar in the winter.

	Each	10	100
12-18 inch, C., 3" pot		1.00	8.00

ELEAGNUS PUNGENS FRUITLANDI

Leaves are very large and glossy green with silvery underside. It bears abundant edible fruit even when young.

4-6 inch, C. T	.75	6.00
6-8 inch, C. T	1.00	8.00
8-12 inch, C. TT.	1.25	10.00
12-18 inch, C. TT.	1.50	12.00

ELEAGNUS PUNGENS MACULATA (Yellow Center Eleagnus)

Variegated yellow center with dark green marking that will not be changed by sun or cold. Most beautiful evergreen shrub among other dark green shrubs.

4-6	inch,	C.	T	.90	7.00
6-8	inch,	C.	T	1.10	9.00
8-12	linch,	C.	TT	1.50	12.00

ELEAGNUS PUNGENS REFLEXA

Branches in drooping and spreading character. Leaves scaly beneath with bronze color. Very useful land-scape decoration.

4-6 inch, C. T	4 6	dan cilo		713		C (M)
	4 - 0	men,	C.	1.	 . (0	-6.00

ERIOBOTRYA JAPONICA (Loquat)

We offer this year a limited number of large fruited varieties, such as Advance Early Red and Tanaka. This is not only a beautiful ornamenta evergreen tree for the South but also a fine delicious fruit. Produces a fine crop if the winter is mild. 18-24 inch, well branched,

		7.50	
Seedlings from	large fruited trees,		
6-8 inch, S.		.90	7.00

EURYA JAPONICA

A fine shrub or small tree, grows to twenty feet in height. Leaves ovate or obovate, 1½ inches by 2½ to 3 inches in size, thick and dark glossy green, slightly serrate. Grows symmetrically pyramidal in shape with compact branches. This is supposed to be one of the cleanest bushes in Japan and is planted extensively in temple and shrine gardens. Foliabe commercialized in considerable quantity as a green for floral works.

8-12 inch, C. TT	1.00	8.00
12-18 inch, C. TT		10.00
2.3 feet, field, B&B75		
3-4 feet, field, B&B		

EURYA EMARGINATA

Boxwood-like evergreen foliage and axillary paired flowers, followed by black berries. Most desirable for low hedges.

10 W Heag			Each	10	100
					6.00
					8.00
8-12 inch	-C	717		1.25	1.0.00

EUONYMUS AMERICANUS

A native plant with slender four angled green stems, leaves evergreen or nearly so. Greenish flower at April and bright red warty fruit with large red seeds infall. This is exceptionally attractive. This variety has much more resisting power against scales and scabs that may destroy Orienta Euonymous around here.

8-12 inch,	C. T		 .75	5.00
12-18 inch	, C.	T.	 1.00	8.00

EUONYMUS CARRIERI

Similar to Euonymous Radicans but not a creeper. Leaves shiny green, but sometimes they turn to bronze color after severe frost. It grows as well in the sun as in the shade; very hardy.

8-12 inch,	C.	T.	 .75	5.00
12-18 inch,	C.	T.	 1.00	8.00

EUONYMUS PATENS (E. Seiboldi)

Broad and more spreading habit in growth. Said to be semi-evergreen in the North, but leaves stay green through the entire winter in the Southern states. Brilliant scarlet berries in fall are most attractive. Absolutely hardy.

4-6 inch, C. T	5	5.0	10
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FEIJOA SELLOWIANA (Pineapple Guava)

Compactly growing shrub. Leaves green with silvery underneath. One of the most desirable plants for the Gulf Coast.

4-6 inch, C., 2¼" pot, (spring delivery) __ 1.00 8.00

GARDENIA FLORIDA (Cape Jasmine)

Well known evergreen shrub under the name of Cape Jasmine. Leaves large glossy green. Flowers large, double, pure white. Very highly scented. Hardiest of all for low temperature, also insects and diseases.

01100101	
.50	4.00
.75	6.00
	.50 .75

GARDENIA FLORIDA GRANDIFLORA

Also called "Cape Jesmine." Both leaves and flowers larger than G. Florida. Very rapid grower and hardy next to G. Florida.

next to G. Florida.	Each	10	100
4-6 inch, C. T		.50	4.00
6-8 inch, C. T		.75	6.00
8-12 inch, C. TT		1.00	8.00
12-18 inch. C. TT		1.25	10.00
18-24 inch, field grown,			
bushy, B&B	.50		
2-3 feet, field grown,			
bushy, B&B	.75		

GARDENIA FORTUNEI (Everblooming)

Large dark shiny green foliage and large double white flowers, highly scented. Pride of this variety is that it blooms not only in the spring but has a few flowers in the summer and fall when Gardenia flowers are very scarce in the market.

4-6 inch, from $2\frac{1}{2}$ " pot	1.00	$=-8.0\sigma$
6-8 inch from 3" pot	1.25	10.00
8-12 inch from 4" pot	2.50	20.00
18-24 inch, bushy,		
field grown, B&B 1.00		
2-3 feet, bushy,		
field grown, B&B 1.50		

GARDENIA HADLEY

Recently introduced to the market. Flower, Belmont type, very large and full double. It won many gold medals at leading flower shows.

4-6 inch, from 2½" pot	1.50	12.00
6-8 inch, from 3" pot	2.25	20.60
8-12 inch, heavy, from 4" pot		35.00

GARDENIA McLELLAN (California Type Gardenia)

Flowers nearly as large as Hadley and it is a good bloomer. Considered as one of the most profitable Gardenias.

4-6 inch, from 2½" pot	1.25	10.00
6-8 inch, from 3" pot	2.00	17.50
8-12 inch, heavy, from 4" pot	-3.50	30.00

GARDENIA MYSTERY

Extra large leaves and flower. Grows out	of (doors in
warm regions.		
4-6 inch, from 2½" pot	1.25	9.00
6-8 inch, from 3" pot		
8-12 inch, heavy, 4" pot	3.00	25.00

GARDENIA RADICANS (Creeping Cape Jasmine)

It grows not over a foot high but spreads 3 to 4 feet. Rather creeping character. Flower double white, very fragrant. Leaves small and shiny glossy green. A very fine plant for the rock garden. Doubtless suitable as a pot plant for florists for Mother's Day trade as well as that of Memorial Day.



GARDENIA VIETCHII (Overlook Strain)-5" Pot

GARDENIA VIETCHII (Overlook Strain)

For many years we have been endeavoring to improve this strain for commercial use and we are now, we believe, nearing the winning goal. The flowers of this strain are not extra large, but the right size for commercial purposes. The highest point of our pride in this strain is the production of more flowers than any other, especially when it is very young. Flower is full double, pure white, and will stay white for a long period. Leaves rather small but very dark glossy green in color. Very hardy, vigorous grower with long stems. Our crop this year is better than ever. We offer you healthy vigorous, well pinched plants with many buds at the following prices.

•			
	Each	10	100
6-8 inch, from 2½" pot			9.00
8-12 inch, from 3" pot		1.75	14.00
12-15 inch, from 4" pot _		2.50	20.00
12-15 inch, from 5" pot _			25.00
Strong rooted cuttings:			
per 100, \$4.00; per 1000, \$3	0.00.		

GORDONIA LASIANTHUS

(Summer Camellia or Loblolly Bay)

A fine native evergreen plant with large dark green shiny leaves. White flower, $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 inches indiameter with a bunch of yellow stamens very much resembling a single Camellia are borne freely during June and July. This is one of the finest flowering evergreen shrubs for the Southern landscape.

	_	Each	10	100
4-6 inch, C	C. T.		1.25	10.00
				12.00
8-12 inch,	C. T.		1.75	15.00

ILEX (Holly)

Holly of any variety in general is very difficult to transplant, therefore we offer you this year some varieties carefully grown in pots, as we know that the best results are to be obtained by this method.

I. CASSINE (Dahoon Holly)

A popular evergreen, being native to Northern Florida. Leaves have no spine, much resembles Ilex Integra, but not so shiny green as the other. Producer of bright red berries in abundance.

I. CASSINE ANGUSTIFOLIA

An evergreen with very narrow leaves. Produces red berries at an early age.

PRICE ON ABOVE TWO VARIETIES

Each	10	100
4-6 inch, C. T		$\frac{6.00}{8.00}$
8-12 inch, C. TT	1.25	10.00
12-18 inch, C. TT 1.00	1.50	12.00
3-4 feet, field, B&B 1.50		

I. CASSINE MYRTIFOLIA

The leaves of this variety are much smaller and stiffer than Augustifolia. A handsome evergreen shrub with red berries.

6-8 inch, C. T.	1.00	8.00
8-12 inch, C. T.	1.25	10.00
12-15 inch. C. TT	1.50	12.09

I. CORNUTA (Chinese Holly)

A very handsome holly with large spiny, dark glossy green leaves with large red berries.

8-12 inch, C., from 3" pot, 2 yrs	-1.50	12.00
18-24 inch, field, B&B75		
2-3 feet, field, B&B 1.25		

I. CORNUTA FEMINA

Appearance and character exactly like the former variety, except that it is sure to bear the berries. Our cuttings taken from bearing specimens.

			Each	10	100
4-6	inch,	C.,	21/4" pot	1.00	8.00
6-8	inch.	C.,	3" pot	1.50	12.00

I. CORNUTA BURFORDII

A handsome form of I. Cornuta. Leaves are a beautiful shiny green with a little spine. Our plants are propagated from berry bearing trees.

Battoa Hom belly bearing trees.		
4-6 inch, from 21/4" pot		10.00
6-8 inch, from 3" pot	1.50	12.00
8-12 inch, from 3" pot		-15.09
12-15 inch, bushy,		
field, B&B		
15-18 iach, bushy,		
tield, B&B 1.00		
18-24 inch, bushy,		
field, B&B 1.25		
,		

I. CRENATA (Japanese Dwarf Holly)

I. CRENATA ROTANDIFOLIA

Similar to former variety, but the leaves are much larger and quite roundish.

4-6 inch, C. T	.75	6.00
12-15 inch spread, very bushy,		
field, B&B75		
15-18 inch spread, very bushy,		
field, B&B 1.00		

I. INTEGRA

A beautiful evergreen. Leaves oblong with tapering point, shiny dark green. White flowers in May and beautiful red berries in winter.

8-12 inch,	C.,	3"	pot	 1.25	10.00
12-18 inch,	C.,	3"	pot	 1.50	12.00

I. LATIFOLIA (Big Leaved Holly)

Hardy evergreen shrub. Leaves oval to oblong lanceolate, very thick, serrate, glossy green above, very large—sometimes reaches 7 inches long and 3 inches wide. Small flower in May and clusters of red berries in winter.

4-6	inch,	C.,	21/2"	pot	~-~*	1.25	10.00
6-8	inch,	C.,	21/2"	pot		1.50	12.00

I. OLDHAMI

Tall berrie		evergreen	tree,	with	attractive	red
		from 3" pot			1.25	10.00
2-3 fe	et, field, eet. field.	B&B		1.00		

OUERLOOK NURSERIES 1938

I. OPACA FEMINA (Berried Kind)

Well known native evergreen, growing everywhere wild. However, this wild plant is hard to be transplanted successfully. Moreover, it bears no berry in many cases. Our propagation was done by cuttings secured from best berry bearing specimens and are guaranteed to bear.

Each	10	100
4-6 inch, C., from 2½" pot (springd elivery)		6.00
6-8 inch, C., from 2½" pot		8.00
8-12 inch, C., from 3" pot	1.50	12.00
2-3 feet, field, B&B 1.00		
3-4 feet, field, B&B 1.50		

I. PEDUNCULOSA

A beautiful evergreen shrub with shiny an curled leaves. Red Berries in fall.	d some	what
6-8 inch, C., from 3" pot	1.25	10.00

I. VOMITORIA FEMINA (Berry Bearing Yaupon)

Ours propag berried specia		strictly	by	cuttings	from	heavily
4-6 inch, C.,	from 2	2¼" pot				6.00

ILEX VOMITORIA NOBILIS

This strain was found a few years ago by Mr. Garee of Noble Nursery, Noble, Okla. He picked up one tree in perfect condition among several thousand common Yaupons badly injured or killed by an unusually severe freeze which visited that locality one winter. Propagation with cuttings from this plant was carried successfully and no crop missed ever since. Compared with the other Yaupons the leaves of this strain are slightly thinner in texture and larger. It grows faster and more compactly in addition to its resisting power from freeze.

4-6 inch, C., from 21/4" pot	1.50	10.00
6-8 inch, C., from 3" pot		15.00
12-18 inch, C., TT. from lath-house	2.50	20.00
12-18 inch. field. B&B75		

JASMINUM FLORIDUM

Hardiest evergreen jasmine, with very dark glossy foliage in graceful arching branches, Very attractive. Yellow flowers in cluster.

JASMINUM HUMILE (J. Revolutum)

A tall shrub, reaching 7 to 8 feet in upright growth. Yellow flowers in spring and fall. Hardy as far north as Washington, D. C.

(PRICES ON ABOVE TWO VARIETIES)

6-8	inch,	C.	T.	 .75	5.00
8-12	inch,	C.	Т.	 1.00	7.00

JASMINUM PRIMULINUM (Primrose Jasmine)

Evergreen shrub with thick green leaves on arching branches. Bright yellow flowers in spring. Very vigorous grower.

Each	10	100
8-12 inch, C. T		$\frac{5.00}{7.00}$
18-24 inch, field, B&B35	1.00	1.00

KERRIA JAPONICA FLORA PLENA

An old favorite shrub, evergreen in the South. Light green foliage with double golden yellow flowers on slender, arching branches. It thrives better in location of partial shade.

8-12 inch.	С. Т	C. L.	 .75	5.00
				7.00

LAUROCERASUS CAROLIANNA (Cherry Laurel)

6-8 inch, S	.35	2.00
8-12 inch, S	.50	3.00
12-18 inch, S	.75	5.00
18-24 inch, S	1.00	7.00

2-3 feet, field grown, B&B _____ 1.00 3-4 feet, field grown, B&B ____ 1.50

(These plants are sheared three times, mostly pyramidal shape)

LAUROCERASUS OFFICINALIS (English Laurel)

Medium to large spreading shrub with broad shiny rich green foliage. One of the most useful plants for Southern planting.

4-6 inch,	C.	T.	 .75	6.00
8-12 inch,	. C.	. T.	 1.25	10.00

LAURUS NOBILIS (European Sweet Bay)

This is the Bay commonly admired in Europe. It is not only ornamental in the garden, but is also decorative as a house plant setting in tub. As a spice the leaves are held in high esteem by house wives. 4-6 inch, C., from $2\frac{1}{2}$ inch pot ______ 1.00 7.00

LIGUSTRUM CORIACEUM (Dwarf Privet)

Dwarf privet in peculiar shape with leathery, thick, dark leaves imported from Japan years ago and we have found that leaves of our strain are much thicker and more curled. We have this season only limited quantity in small sizes to offer.

4-6	inch,	C.	Т.		.75	6.00
6-8	inch,	C.	T.	~	1.00	8.00
8-12	inch.	$-\mathbf{C}$	Т.		1.50	12.00

LIGUSTRUM JAPONICUM

6-8	inch,	S	 50	3.00
			.50	0.00
-8 - 12	inch.	- S.	 .75	5.00

LIGUSTRUM JAPONICUM AUREAUM

MARGINATUM (Golden Tip Japan Privet)

Much deeper yellow margin on young growth. Bears purple berries heavily in winter. Contrast with leaves in admirable colors.

LIGUSTRUM JAPONICUM EXCELSUM SUPERBUM

Best of all Japan Privets. Leavest variegated with creamy white. Contrast with other green foliages give exceedingly good effects to view of the garden. Supply limited. Order early.

PRICES ON ABOVE TWO VARIETIES

Each	10	100
6-8 inch, C. T.		6.00
8-12 inch, C. T.	1.00	8.00
12-15 inch, C. T	1.50	12.00

LIGUSTRUM LUCIDUM COMPACTUM (True Waxy Privet)

Our strain is in extra dense compact growth with very dark waxy green thick leaves. Very hardy and it thrives in most any kind of soil with no particular attention or care. Indeed this is the most satisfactory plant for general planting.

4-6 inch, C. T	.60	4.00
6-8 inch, C. T	.75	6.00
2-3 feet, Heavy Sheared,		
field, B&B50		

LIGUSTRUM LUCIDUM GRACILIS (Shiny Pyramidalis)

3-4 foot spread, field, B&B ____ 1.00

A tall slender shrub with strong upright branches. Leaves pointed, thick, shiny and dark green. This variety is one of the darkest green leaved species of all Lucidums.

LIGUSTRUM LUCIDUM PYRAMIDALIS

Tall growing waxy privet. Very symmetrical pyramidal shape with shiny green foliage.

LIGUSTRUM REPANDA (Crinkled-leaf Privet)

Closely resembles Ligustrum Pyramidalis but leaves are narrow and crinkled.

	PR	ICE	ON	ABOVE	THREE	VARIET	TES	
4-6	inch,	C.	Т	. 			.60	4.00

LIGUSTRUM CORDIFORMIS

It resembles Compactum, but the leave		
larger, thicker and rounder. The color o	f the	leaves
is much darker than any other Lucidum.		
4-6 inch, C. T	.75	6.00
6-8 inch C TT	1.00	8.00

LIGUSTRUM HENRRI

Small Ligustrum bushes with extra dark glossy green foliage. Leaves are slightly larger than L. Ionandum, but much smaller than Lucidum. It makes the best sheared plants as well as fine hedge.

LIGUSTRUM IONANDUM

Recent introduction by an agricultural explorer. Leaves very small, like boxwood. On account of tis dwarfness, most desirable for low hedges or border planting.

LIGUSTRUM QUIHOI

Resembles Amoor River Privet in the South, but leaves are thicker and more glossy. It blooms through the season.

PRICE ON ABOVE THREE VARIETIES

Each	10	100
8-12 inch, C. T.	.75	6.00
12-18 inch, C. T	$1.0\overline{0}$	8.00

MAGNOLIA FUSCATA (Michelia Fuscata)

Well known Southern shrub with handsome compact evergreen foliage and sweet carmine edged yellow flower, which has strong, banana-like fragrance. One of the very useful plants for Southern landscape gardening.

6-8 inch, C., from 2½" pot	1.25	10.00
8-12 inch, C. T.	1.25	10.00
12-15 inch, C. T	1.50	12.00

MAGNOLIA GLAUCA

Southern Bay tree of native forest. Graceful shape of the tree together with large green leaves, silvery white beneath, very attractive.

6-8 inch, S	.60	5.00
8-12 inch, S	90	7.00
12-18 inch, S	1.25	10.00

MAGNOLIA GRANDIFLORA

Very well known Southern Magnolia. Grandest broadleaved evergreen in the Southern forests.

6-8 inch, S	90	7.00
8-12 inch, S		10.00
12-18 inch, S	1.50	

MAHONIA FORTUNEI

Low shrub, somewhat resembling Nandina. Leaves are long and narrow, serrated with small teeth. Long racemes erect at winter time with numerous bright yellow flowers.

6-8 i	nch,	С.,	from	21/2"	pot	 .90	7.00
8-10	inch.	C.,	. from	a 3"	pot	 1.25	10.00

MYRTUS COMMUNIS MICROPHYLLA (Small Leaved Roman Myrtle)

With small leaves and compact growth. Very valuable plant for Southern Gardens.

Eac	lı 10	100
4-6 inch, C. T. (spring delivery)		6.00
6-8 inch		8.00
8-12 inch	1.50	2.00

NANDINA DOMESTICA

A pretty Japanese evergreen shrub, grows well in sun as well as in shade. Shape of the foliage and the growing habits are entirely different from that of ordinary plants. It is most beautiful sight in winter when leaves turn to beautiful red color and scarlet berries are hanging in clusters.

manging in clusicis.		
4-6 inch, S. T.		6.00
6-8 inch, S. T.	.90	7,00
8-12 inch, S. T	1.25	10.60
12-18 inch. S. TT	1.50	

OLEANDER

This is the hardiest variety of Oleander. We have had this particular variety a number of years and found it never happened to be frozen back. Flower single, large, bright pink.
6-8 inch, C. T., from 2½" pot ______ 1.00 7.00

OSMANTHUS AQUIFOLIUM (O. Ilicifolium)

This is the hardiest of all the Osmanthus family. Thrives in New Y k and possibly as far north as Massachusetts. Leaves are leather-smooth and shiny. qStrong spines on bothe sides of foliage, somewhat resembles Ilex Cornuta (Chinese Spiny Holly).

OSMANTHUS FORTUNEI

Similar to sweet olive, but leaves are thicker and armed with dull spine like American Holly. Less flower, but stands much severer cold spell than the other.

OSMANTHUS FRAGRANCE (Sweet Olive)

Well known shrub with bright glossy thick foliage and small white or yellow flowers sweetly scented. A few plants of this kind will fill the air of the entire garden with a delightful odor during winter and spring.

PRICE ON ABOVE THREE VARIETIES

4-6 incl., C. T.	.75	6.00
6-8 inch, C. T.		8.00
8-12 inch, C. TT.		10.00
12-18 inch, C. TTT	1.75	15.00

PHOTINIA GLABRA

This beautiful shrub was introduced by us to this country. Whenever covered with new sprouts Photinia Glabra is a mass of burning scarlet tinted here and there with old leaves of green. You will surely be convinced that this is one of the best trees ever introduced. There are several different strains; beware of the inferior kinds. It may be made in any shape you desire, such as pyramidal, standard or globe. Suitable for hedge, individual planting as well as mixed setting among green leaved evergreens.

among green leaved evergreens.		
4-6 inch, C. T	.75	6.00
6-8 inch, C. T	1.00	8.00
8-12 inch, C., TT		10.00

PHOTINIA SERRULATA

A large evergreen shrub or small tree. The new growth is reddish, turning gradually to a dark green. The leaves are dense serrate, very conspicuous and desirable plants.

	Each	10	100
4-6 inch, C., from 2½ pot		.90	7.00
6-8 inch, C., from 3" pot		1.25	10.00

PIERIS JAPONICA (Japanese Andromeda)

Shiny, thickly-leaved evergreen. Grows 5 to 6 feet in height. Drooping cluster of small white flowers early in spring. Best in moist, partially shdy place.

4-6 inch	C., from 21/2	4" not		1 ()()	8.00
	lath house				0.770

PITTOSPORUM TOBIRA

Very dense compact growth with dark green leaves clustered at the end of the branches. Most valuable plant for Southern gardens.

4-6	inch,	C.,	from	21/4"	pot		.75	6.00
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PITTOSPORUM TOOBIRA VARIEGATA

4-6 inch,	C.,	from	21/4"	pot		1.00	8.00
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PYRACANTHA (Fire Thorn)

P. LALANDI

Most popular and hardiest variety, with golden yellow berries. Somewhat less thorn and the leaves are a softer texture.

P. YUNNANENSIS

Rather dwarf and spreading habit. Abundant berries of coral color, which are small.

P. FORMOSANA

Possibly this is the most showy variety of all Pyracanthas. A solid mass of brilliant red berries, in large glossy green foliage. Upright grower.

PRICES ON ABOVE PYRACANTHAS

4-6 inch, C. T.	60	5.00
6-8 inch, C. T.	.75	6.00
8-12 inch, C. TT		
12-18 inch, C. TT	1.25	10.00
2-3 feet, field, B&B75		
3-4 feet, field, B&B 1.25		

SERISSA FOETIDA

A low growing evergreen shrub with tiny dark green leaves, yellow margined. Abundant small white flowers. Appearance of the plant somewhat resembles that of Rock Cotoneaster. Very desirable shrub for border or rock garden. Cannot stand too much cold.

8-12	inch,	C.	T	.75	5.00
12-18	inch,	C.	ТТ.	1.00	7.00

RAPHIOLEPIS JAPONICA

A very desirable evergreen shrub. Leaves oval, thick and leathery. Mass of pinkish small flowers at early spring, bering followed by black berries.

4-6	inch,	S.	+	.60	4.00
6 - 8	inch.	S.		.80	6.00

ROSE ROULETTI

One of the newest of novelties, as it blooms at a height of several inches. After being long lost, it was found several years ago by a famous Swiss horticulturist and now is rapidly attaining popularity. It is evergreen in the South. The flower is small, less than an inch in diameter, quite double with pleasant rosy-pink bloom. It blooms abundantly and constantly from early spring to late fall. Most suitable for both miniature or rock garden and low hedging and edging.

	Each	10	100
From	21/4" pot	1.25	10.00
From	3" pot, with buds	1.75	15.00

VIBURNUM MACROPHYLUM

(Sweet Viburnum)

A valuable evergreen shrub with large green, oblong leaves which turn sometimes to beautiful red in winter. Small white flower being followed by red berries in cluster. Very hardy and grows in any kind of soil and location. Southern planters ought to use more of these Viburnum varieties for their landscape gardening.

VIRBURNUM ODORATISSIMUM (Glossy Virburnum)

Leaves large, oblong with points, polished dark green in color. Its growth is very compact and a little hardier than V. Macrophylum. As it bears berries of coral color it has been known in Japan as coral berried Viburnum. This is one of the most promising broad leaved evergreens in the South.

PRICES ON ABOVE TWO VIBURNUM

4-6 inch, C. T		$\begin{array}{c} 5.00 \\ 7.00 \end{array}$
VIBURNUM TINUS Small shrub of compact growth with little	shiny	green
leaves. 4-6 inch, C. T6-8 inch		$\frac{5.00}{7.00}$

DECIDUOUS TREES AND SHRUBS

ALBIZIA JULIBRISSIN (Mimosa Tree)

A beautiful ornamental shade tree with vigorous growth. Our strain is much superior to common mimosa growing around here, as we propagated it from original imported trees, brought from Japan after careful selection. Its flowers are larger in size and brighter red in color.

6-8 inch, S
Nearly evergreen in the South. The flower is not so large as B. Magnifica but it blooms constantly. The plant is rather dwarfed and has drooping branches. This variety should stand against cold better than any other Buddleia. 8-12 inch, C. T
7
BUDDL'EIA HARTWEGI Newly introduced Buddleia. It is a hardier va-
riety than any of summer flowering Buddleias. The large bright lavender panicles of flowers through the summer to fall are surely attractive. The foliage is very heavy and rich dark green. Buddleia Hartweigi is not noly the best variety for cutfllowers, but as an ornamental lawn shrub it is also unsurpassed in its beauty and usefulness. Each 10 100 6-8 inch, C., from 2½" pot 2.00 15.00
CORNUS FLORIDA
(White Flowering Dogwood)
2-3 feet, field grown25 3-4 feet, field grown35
CORNUS FLORIDA RUBRA (Red Flowering Dogwood)
Another variety of our native dogwood, bearing a mass of deep rose-colored flowers in early spring. Leaves turn dark crimson in autumn. Thrifty in sun or semishade.
Each 10 100 2-3 feet, field grown, B&B, .50
3-4 feet, field grown, B&B75 CYDONIA JAPONICA (Japan Flowering Quince)
One of the most showy early flowering shrubs, blooming
ate winter to early spring with various colored flowers, being followed by small sized quince fruit. We offer the following varieties this year: Pink, red, white, salmon, and Pigmania (very dwarf).
8-12 inch, C. T 1.00 8.00 12-18 inch, C. T 1.25
MIXED COLORS:
2-3 feet. field, B&B50 3-4 feet, field, B&B75

GINKGO BILBOA (Maiden Hair Tree)

A graceful shade tree with rapid and erect growth. Considerable number of these plants planted in Washington, D. C.

		Each	10	100
4-6 inch,	S.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	.50	3.00
			.65	5.00
8-12 inch.	. S.		1.00	8.00

HYDRANGEA (Assorted French Varieties)

6-10 inch, C., from 3" pot	.75	6.00
8-12 inch, from 4" pot, 4 or more cane	2.00	17.50
Large Clump, field grown, B&B .50		

IDESIA POLYCARPA

Desirable shade tree, growing to about 25 feet in height. Leaves are very large, heart shaped, with long red stems. It is attractive in its color contrast of green leaves with red stem. In the fall it turns yellow to red color. Very rapid grower,

12 - 1	8 inch,	S	.60	5.00
18-2	4 inch,	S	1.00	7.50
2-3	feet. S	(1.50	
3-4	feet, S		2.00	

LAGERSTROMIA INDICA (Crape Myrtle)

One of the favorite flowering shrubs of the South. Hardy and heavy bloomer for a long period. It paints the landscape in summer with its brilliant blossoms in tones of many different shades, being called "Southern Lilac." Crimson, white, and lavender.

12-18 inch, field grown	1.25	10.00
18-24 inch, field grown		15.00
		20
2-3 feet, field grown	2.00	= 17.50
3-4 feet, field grown	3.00	25.00
4-5 feet, field grown50		
8-12 feet, field grown 1.25		
(Last size in Crimson only.)		

LESPEDESA FORMOSA (Purple Bushclover)

One of the most attractive herbaceous shrubs. It blooms twice a year (May and September) and bears a profusion of rosy-purple, sweet-scented, pea-shaped flowers on arching branches. The tops freeze out in severe winter but come back each spring.

THE COLLEGE	The control of the co		
8-12 inch, C. T.		.75	5.00
2 Year, C. TT.		1.25	10.00

LESPEDEZA JAPONICA (White Flower)

ORIENTAL MAGNOLIA

Although not known much in the South, Oriental Magnolia is most highly esteemed by Northern and Eastern gardeners. It is a most beautiful flower in early Spring.

M. ACUMINATA

(Cucumber Magnolia)

Seed gathered from largest leaved tree, which measured 18-24 inches in length, 6-8 inches in width. Large white flowers after leaves appear. One of the very fine shade trees in the South.

crece in the	South.		
8-12 inch, S.		1.00	8.00
12-18 inch, S		1 50	12.00
14-10 HCH, 6		1.00	12.00

M. DENUDATA

Well known as Magnolia Conspicua. Large pure white flowers appear at early spring before its leaves come

out.	Each	10	100
18-24 inch, S.		2.50	20.00
2-3 feet, S. TT			

M. DENUDATA HYBRID

Grows to tree 25 to 30 feet. Flower much larger than M. Soulangeana, 9 petals. Color ranges from white with pink to almost white. Leaves roundish and very large. One of the best Magnolias. (We have only small sizes in limited supply.) 2½" pot, C. ----

MAGNOLIA LILIFLORA

M. SOULANGEANA NIGRA

M. SOULANGEANA

Chinese Saucer Magnolia. Flower white with rosy pink base of petals. It blooms in profusion before leaves ap-20.00

PRUNUS JAPONICA (Flowering Almond)

This is very rare for this country. Immense single pink flowers in spring, being followed by abundant fruit, shape and flavor of which are similar to commercial cherry, but smaller in size. Dwarf in nature. Planting among evergreen shrubs will give the most desirable effects.

6-8 inch,	C.	Т.	 .50	4.00
8-12 inch	, C.	T.	 .75	6.00

SPIRER REEVESIANA FLORA PLENA

Commonly known in the South as "Double Bridal Wreath" (though this may be wrong). Very handsome shrub with large pure white double flowers covering its slender arching branches. As it blooms just when Azaleas are in the height of their glory, it makes a splendid combination with them. This is the best variety for the South, though it may not stand very severe Northern climate.

severe northern chinate.		
12-18 inch, field grown		8.00
18-24 inch, field grown	1.50	12.50
2-3 feet, field grown	2.50	20.00
3-4 feet field grown, B&B50		



Flower and Leaves of STEWARTIA PSEUDOCAMELLIA

STEWARTIA PSEUDOCAMELLIA	ST	FW	ARTIA	PSFUD	OCAMELLIA
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Sometimes called "Summer Camellia" or "False Camellia" in Japan. A shrub with upright branches or tree attaining 20 feet. Leaves 2 to 3 inches long, elliptic to elliptic lanceolate, acute at both ends, bright green. Flowers single, pure white with numerous yellow stamens, 2½ to 3 inches in diameter. Bloom, July and August. Rapid grower and very hardy for both cold and hot climate.

Eac	h 10	100
8-12 inch, C. T	1.00	8.09
12-18 inch, C. T	1.25	10.00
18-24 inch, C. TT	1.75	15.00
2-3 feet, field, B&B 1.00)	

VINES AND CLIMBERS

BIGNONIA SPECIOSA

Evergreen	vine	with	large	purple	trumpet	shaped
flower. 4-6 inch, fr	om 21/4	not.				6.00
8-12 inch, f						8.00

BOUGAENVILLEA, CRIMSON LAKE

The best of Bouganvillea. Very rich brilliant crimson-like color and more profuse bloomer than any other variety. Florists grow it in pots for holiday trade, while in Southern Florida and Southern California it is raised outside for climbing vine.

AN I COINCIL	outside for outside time.			
4-6 inch,	C., from 2½" pot	.75		6.00
	C., from 3" pot		*	8.00
	C., from 4" pot			15.00

EUONYMUS RADICANS (Winter Creeper)

FICUS REPENS (Climbing Fig)

Though it is not very hardy, it is one of the best climbers, if not the best, known in the South, to cover stone or brick walls as well as rocks.
6-8 inch, from 21/4" pot _______.75 6.00

LABOR LEAVED ENGLISH IVV	
LARGE LEAVED ENGLISH IVY Each 10 10	0
8-12 inch, 2½" pot75 5.0	
SMALL LEAVED SELF-BRANCHED ENGLISH IVY 4-6 inch, from 21/4" pot75 6.0	
4-6 inch, from 2¼" pot75 6.0 DWARF JAPANESE IVY	JU
3-5 inch, from 2¼" pot 1.75 15.0	00
MITCHELLA REPENS	
(Commonly Called "Partridge Berry")	
This little native plant is a beauty of all seasons. Be ginning its show with slender trailing stems covered with tiny green foliage, small white or flesh colored flowers with pleasant odor, peeping out under the leave in April and May, it is undoubtedly the cutest view. Stip better display can be seen, however, in winter time when bright red berries appear on the scene to complete the grand show. This is an ideal plant for minia	ed ed es ill ne ne
ture or dish garden. 21/4" pot75 5.0	
STAUNTONIA HEXAPHYLLA	,0
A novelty from Japan. Commonly called "Evergree	m
Akebia." A woody climbing shrub. The leaves are like Akebia but pointed and much larger, and they are evergreen. The flower is small, pinkish white, and produced from the axils of the leaves. Fruit is ovoid two inches in size, ripening in the fall; it is edible an	re is
very sweet. From 2½" pot From 3" pot 1.25 1.75	
THUNBERGIA GRANDIFLORA	
A very showy, vigorous growing vine with large dar green foliage and dark blue tubular flowers. Rathetender. 6-8 inch, 2½" pot (spring delivery) 1.00 8.0	91.
TRACHELASPERUM JASMONIDES (Star Jasmine	
Finest vine to cover arbor, pagoda or screen. Leave	
are roundish oval, thick shiny green. Star-shape white flower, very fragrant. The view is grand whe in full bloom. If properly trained, this is a better peplant than English ivy.	ed en ot
8-12 inch, C. $\overline{T}T$)()
(Yellow Flowering)	
8-12 inch, C. TT90 7.0	10
WISTERIA MULTIJUGA (Purple Flowering)	
WISTERIA CHINENSIS ALBA (White Flowering)	
2 years old, grafted35	
WISTERIA MULTIJUGA ROSEA (Pink)	
Very rare variety. Clear pink to light pink, raceme ver long, reaching very ofetn over two feet in length. The vine grows vigorously.	y ie
WISTERIA MULTIJUGA KYUSHAKU Extra long cluster—over four feet—purplish blue colo PRICES ON ABOVE WISTERIAS 2 year ,grafted	r.
WISTERIA RETICULATA (Milletia Japonica)	
Deep purple flower in mid-summer. Leaves and vin	ie
are rather coarser than ordinary wisteria. 6-8 inch, from $2\frac{1}{2}$ " pot 1.25 10.6	00

HEDERAHELIX

PALMES, GRASSES and MISCELLANEOUS



LILIUM PHILLIPPINO FORMOSA

This is one of the recent creations and is most rapidly attaining popularity. The flower much resembles the Easter Lily. It is large, trumpet-shaped; color, pure white with exception of occasional appearance of redish brown narrow stripe on outside of petals. The stems generally grow to 3 or 4 feet in length, but sometimes they reach 7 to 8 feet. The leaves are dark green, narrower but much longer than Easter Lilies. It blooms outside under natural conditions from July to September. It blooms as early as six to seven months after sowing the seed, if kept in a place where the temperature of 60 degrees or higher is maintained continuously. It is, however, more practical and profitable to use small two-year-old bulblets that will be sure to produce excellent flowers in the same season. We have been experimenting with many varieties of lilies for the past several years, but have found no other lily or lilies so easy to grom and which bloom so early as this Phillipping lily does.

The excellent points of this wonderful lily may be summarized as follows:

1. Flower: its shape, color, and so forth, are highest quality from commercial standpoint.

2. Blooms in late summer, after the Easter Lily and regal lily have disappeared, and when no lily of this type is in the market.

3. Its easy cultivation, especially for outdoor planting.
4. It is of a very early blooming nature, from the seed as well as from small bulblets. No other variety of lily is known to parallel this Phillipino Formosana lily.

We urge all florists—large or small—to try this wonderful new lily for money making. Seed, improved type: oz., \$1.00; ½ lb., \$3.00; 1 lb., -10.00

PRICE ON BULBS, IMPROVED TYPE

		100	1000

AMARYLLIS
Finest hybrids Mead's Strain. Color ranges from almost
white to deepest vivid red. Very large flower. Each 10 100
2½ to 3" diameter 1.25 10.00
3" diameter and up 2.00 15.00 CHAMAEROPS EXCELSA (Windmill Palm)
Slender trunk with fan-shaped leaves. Very hardy.
6-8 inch, S., 2 years old50 4.00 COCOS AUSTRALIS (Pindo Palm)
COCOS AUSTRALIS (Pindo Palm)
One of the hardiest palms. It has a graceful shape and grayish green, curved pinnate leaves. 8-12 inch, S., 2 years old
OPHIOPOGAN JAPONICA (Blue Grass)
Dwarf evergreen grass, thrives well in shady place
where no other plants can grow. Small division40 2.00
Medium division40 2.00 3.09
OPHIOPOGAN JABURAN AUREA VARIEGATA
A most beautiful and useful plant as a house plant,
also as outdoor border in the South. Its deep violet-
blue flowers are freely produced in dense spike forma- tion nearly all summer. They are inviting. Deep blue
berries about the size of currants show excellent con-
trast to the drooping broad grass-like leaves striped with green and creamy white.
Small clump 1.50 12.00
CORTADERIA AGENTEA (Pampas Grass)
Silvery, plume-like spikes of flowers. An old favorite
for grouping on the lawn. Small division
Medium division 1.25 10.00
IRIS PSENDACORUS (Yellow Isis)
4 year blooming size75 5.00
IRIS KAEMPFERI
4-year, selected 1.00 7.00 FUNKIAS VARIEGATA
Medium clump 1.00 8.00
BAMBOO ARGENTEA
Best ornamental bamboo.
BAMBOO FALCATA
Dwarf bamboo.
PRICES ON THESE BAMBOOS
Small division90 6.00
Medium division 1.25 10.00
RHODEA JAPONICA
A fine house plant from Japan. It resembles Sansevieria somewhat but is more dwarfed. It has dark green
curled leaves and spikes of creamy white flowers,
which are succeeded by spikes of showy red berries. Very attractive varieties of this kind are esteemed by
the Japanese so much that sometimes as much as one
to five thousand dollars is paid for a single plant 5 inch pot 6.00 59.00
PHILODENDRON CORDATUM
2¼ inch pot, fine plant75 6.00
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